

Programme Structure and Scheme of Examination (under CBCS) (Applicable to the candidates admitted in Affiliated Colleges from the academic year 2022 -2023 onwards)

					Ma	ximuı	mMarks
Course Code	Part	Study Components & Course Title	Hours/Week	Credit	CIA	ESE	Total
		SEMESTER - I					
22UTAML11	1	Language Course - I: Tamil/Other Languages	5	3	25	75	100
22UENGL12		English Course – I: Communicative English	5	3	25	75	100
22UECOC13		Core Course – I: Micro Economics-I	5	4	25	75	100
22UECOC14	2UECOC14 III Core Course – II: Indian I		5	4	25	75	100
		Allied Course - I	5	3	25	75	100
22UECOS16	UECOS16 Skill Based Course – I: Economics of IV Food and Nutrition			2	25	75	100
22UENVS18		Environmental Studies	2	2	25	75	100
Total			30	21			700
		SEMESTER – II					
22UTAML21	I	Language Course – II: Tamil/Other Languages	5	3	25	75	100
22UENGL22		English Course – II: Communicative English	5	3	25	75	100
22UECOC23		Core Course – III: Micro Economics-II	5	4	25	75	100
22UECOC24		Core Course – IV: Mathematics for Economics	5	4	25	75	100
	III	Allied Course -II		3	25	75	100
22UECOS26	13.7	Skill Based Course – II: Personality Development		2	25	75	100
22UVALE27		value Education	2	1	25	75	100
22USOFS28		Soft Skills	2	1	25	75	100
Total			30	21			800

# List of Allied Courses (Choose 1 out of 3 in each Semester)

Semester	Course Code	Course Title	H/W	С	CIA	ESE	Total
	22UECOA15-1	Money and Banking	5	3	25	75	100
Ι	22UECOA15-2	Tamil nadu Economy	5	3	25	75	100
	22UECOA15-3	Economics of infrastructure	5	3	25	75	100
	22UECOA25-1	Rural Economics	4	3	25	75	100
П	22UECOA25-2	Welfare Economics	4	3	25	75	100
	22UECOA25-3	Economic History of India (1857- 1947)	4	3	25	75	100

# List of Allied Courses offered to Other Departments (For B.Com. Programmes)

Semester	Course Title
Ι	Business Economics – I
Ι	Business Economics
II	Business Economics – II

# SEMESTER: I CORE: I PART: III

# **Course Objectives**

- 1. To introduce the Concepts and Definitions of Economics and Micro economics
- 2. Acquires the knowledge of the Demand and Supply analysis.
- 3. Understands the Concept Utility, Laws of utility and Consumer Surplus
- 4. Understand the Indifference curve analysis and Consumer's Equilibrium.
- 5. Understands the importance of the theory of production & Producer Equilibrium.

### Unit 1: Introduction to Economics

Definition of economics –Wealth Definition-Welfare Definition-Scarcity definition –Growth Definition- Micro Economics-Meaning- scope of microeconomics – Positive Economics-Normative Economics- Inductive and Deductive methods.

### Unit 2: Demand and Supply Analysis

Demand –Meaning- Law of Demand – Individual and Market Demand curve – Change in Demand and Change in quantity demanded – Determinants of Demand – Exceptions to Law of Demand-Elasticity of Demand - Types of Elasticity of Demand - Supply – Law of Supply – Supply curve – Determinants of supply – Elasticity of supply.

# Unit 3: Consumer Theory: Utility Analysis

The concept of utility – ordinal and cardinal utility – Total and Marginal utility – Law of diminishing marginal utility - Law of equi-marginal utility-Consumer Surplus.

# Unit 4: Consumer Theory: Indifference Curve Analysis

Indifference curves - Indifference Map –Scale of Preference- Properties of Indifference curves – Marginal Rate of Substitution - The budget line – Price and Substitution effects –Consumer's Equilibrium.

# **Unit 5: The Theory of Production**

Production Function-Meaning- Law of Variable Proportions-Law of Returns to Scale- Cobb-Douglas production function-Isoquants – Marginal Rate of Technical Substitution-Producers equilibrium.

# **Course OutComes**

After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Understand the concept of Micro Economics, Definitions of Economics, Micro Economics, Inductive and Deductive methods and Positive and Normative Economics.
- 2. To analyze Demand and Supply concepts

- 3. To understand the law of Diminishing Marginal utility and Consumer Surplus.
- 4. To understand the Indifference curve analysis and Consumers equilibrium.
- 5. To gain knowledge of the theories of Production Function and Producer equilibrium.

- 1. Cauvery.R, ,Sudha Nayak.U.K , Girija.M ,.Kruparani.N,.Meenakshi.R , Micro Economic Theory, Sultan Chand & Company LTD, Ram Nagar New Delhi.
- 2. Jhingan.M.L, Modern Micro Economics, Vrinda Publication Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 3. Sankaran, S: Micro Economics Margham Publications, Chennai Edition.

#### Supplementary Readings

- 1. Dewett, K.K. Modern Economic Theory, S. Chand & Company LTD, New Delhi
- 2. Misra. S. K , and Puri.V.K, Advanced Micro Economic Theory, Himalaya Publishing House, 2009.
- 3. Koutsoyiannis, A: Modern Micro Economics, Macmillan Press Limited.

#### **Outcome Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	2	2	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	3

<sup>1-</sup>LOW 2- MEDIUM 3- HIGH

### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understands the Concepts-Underdevelopment, Economic Growth and
- 2. Economic Development.
- 3. Acquires knowledge of Agricultural and Industrial Development during (1950-1991)
- 4. To understands the New Economic Policy and about NITI Ayog.
- 5. To Acquires knowledge of developments since1991.
- 6. To understands the Role of Service and Financial sectors

#### Unit 1: Underdevelopment and Growth

Economic Growth - Economic Development - Economic Growth and Economic Development distinguished - Features of an India as a Developing Economy - Obstacles to Economic Development.

### Unit 2: Agricultural and Industrial Development (1950-1991)

Agricultural development - Land reforms – The Green Revolution – State policy for agricultural development –Performance of agricultural sector - Industrial development - Role of public sector – State policy for industrial development for cottage and small-scale industrial UNITs - industrial development of backward regions - performance of Industrial sector.

#### **Unit 3: New Economic Policy**

Crisis of 1991-– New Economic Policy – Components of New Economic Policy – Liberalization – Privatization – Globalization – Globalization and its impact on India-Replacement of Planning Commission with NITI Ayog.

# Unit 4: Developments since 1991, Economic Growth, Agriculture and Industry

Economic growth after liberalization – Driving factors of high growth rates-Agriculture- Public investment in agriculture – Impact of trade liberalization on agriculture – Agricultural production since 1991 – Industry – disinvestment and privatization – Arguments for and against privatization - De-reservation for small scale industries – impact on Indian industrial development.

# **Unit 5: Service and Financial Sectors**

Structural change in Indian economy - Service sector- Importance of the service sector - consequences of service sector growth - Financial sector -Expansion of private banks

# **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the Course the students should be able

- 1. To differentiate Economic Growth and Economic Development and Features of India as developing Economy.
- 2. To understand the Role of Agricultural Sector and Industrial sector in India.
- 3. To explain the New Economic Policy and its Components.
- 4. To get knowledge the Growth of Agriculture and Industry since1991.
- 5. To assess the role of Service and Financial sector in India.

# **Text Books**

- 1. Datt and Sundharam, Indian Economy, S Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi.
- 2. Dingra. I.C, Indian Economy, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 3. Sankaran, S, Indian Economy, Margham Publications, Chennai, Tamil Nadu.

# **Supplementary Readings**

- 1. Ahluwalia, I. J. and IMD Little (Eds.) (1998), India's Economic Reforms and Development, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2. Byres, T.J. (Ed.) (1997), the State, Development Planning and Liberalization in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 3. Byres, T.J. (Ed.) (1998), the Indian Economy: Major Debates since Independence, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

#### **Outcome Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	2	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3

# SEMESTER: I SKILL BASED: I 22UE PART: IV

CREDITS: 2 HOURS: 45

### **Course Objectives**

- 1. To make the students understand the concept and importance of food security
- 2. To make them understand the importance of nutrition in the promotion of health
- 3. To make them gain knowledge about nutrition problems existing in the country
- 4. To develop skills to assess the nutritional status of the country
- 5. To inculcate the skill to deliver nutritional services and enable to become entrepreneurs in the field of food and nutrition.

# Unit 1: Food Security

Concept of food security-food self-sufficiency and food security-importancefood security problem in India-Public Distribution System.

### Unit 2: Food Safety

Meaning of food safety-importance of food quality and safety for developing countries-need for patent system-advantages and procedures

### Unit 3: Nutrition and health

Nutrition and health in national development-factors affecting health of the commUNITy-mal-nutrition-prevalence of malnutrition -factors contributing to malnutrition

#### **Unit 4: Nutrition Policy and Programme**

National nutrition policy-policy strategies and their implementation-ICDS, Noon meal scheme, FAO, WHO, UNICEF,CARE, ICMR,CETRI,NGOs-nutritional surveillance system

#### Unit 5: Nutrition Education

Meaning, scope, methods-planning, conduct and evaluation of nutrition education programmes- Strategies to combat nutritional problems.

#### Course Outcomes

- 1. Students understand the various aspects of food security and importance of PDS
- 2. Apply the principle of quality assurance and food safety for development
- 3. Know about government regulation in quality control
- 4. Evaluate the impact of nutritional awareness on nutritional and health status
- 5. Skill to develop educational programme for a target group

- 1. Srilakshmi.N(2002)-Food Science-New Age International Private Ltd-New Delhi
- 2. Srilakshmi.B(2019)-Nutritional Science- New Age International Private Ltd-New Delhi
- 3. Datt and Mahajan (72<sup>nd</sup> edition)- *Indian Economy*-S.Chand and Company Limited -New Delhi

# Supplementary Reading

- 1. Park.J.E and Park.K (2014)-Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine
- 2. Mahtab.S, Bamji.N, Prasad Rao, Vinodhini Reddy- Text Book of Human Nutrition =Oxford and IBIT Publishing private limited-New Delhi.
- 3. Suja.R Nair(2004)-Consumer Behavior and Marketing Research-Himalaya Publishers-New Delhi.

#### **Outcome Mapping**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	2	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	2

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Understands the various cost and revenues in the process of production.
- 2. Acquires knowledge of a Perfectly competitive market.
- 3. Understands the different Imperfect competition markets.
- 4. To get knowledge of pricing of factor of production -Land and Labour.
- 5. Understands the theories of Interest and Profit.

#### Unit 1: Cost and Revenue

Cost Concepts- Money cost- Economic cost- Real cost- Opportunity cost- Fixed Cost- Variable Costs – Average Cost- Marginal Cost and Total cost – Relationship between Average and Marginal cost- Short run costs- U-Shaped Long Run Average Cost Curve-L-Shaped Long-run Average Cost- Short run costs – Revenue – Average, Marginal and Total revenue- Relationship between Average Revenue and Marginal Revenue.

#### **Unit 2: Market Structures and Perfect Competition**

Market – Meaning - Classification of market –Perfect competition-Meaning-Features of perfect competition – Price Determination in perfect competition-Equilibrium of the firm and the industry in the short-run - Equilibrium of the firm and the industry in the long-run.

#### **Unit 3: Imperfect Competition**

Monopoly-Features-Price Discrimination-Monopolistic Competition-Features – Price & Output determination under Monopolistic Competition- product differentiation - Selling Cost –Wastages of Monopolistic Competition-Oligopoly – kinked demand curve – Collusion and Price Leadership-Duopoly- Cournot Model.

# Unit 4: Theory of Factor Pricing-1

Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution- Theories of Rent-Ricardian Theory, Modern Theory - Quasi Rent -Theories Of Wages- Iron Law of Wages, Wage Fund Theory- Modern theory of wages Minimum wages - Trade Union and wages. **Unit 5: Theory of Factor Pricing- 2** 

Interest – Meaning - Loanable Fund theory- Liquidity Preference Theory – Modern Theory of Interest –Profit- Theories of Profit - Schumpeter's Innovation theory of Profit - Knight's Uncertainty Bearing Theory of Profit - Hawley's Risk theory of profit.

# **Course Outcomes**

After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able

- 1. To understand various cost concepts and their relationships.
- 2. To understand the concept of market competition and how price and output determined in a perfect competition.
- 3. To acquire Knowledge of Price and Output determination in an Imperfect market.
- 4. To analyze the Marginal productivity theory of distribution and the theories based on which the Rent and Wages are fixed and the importance of Trade unions.
- 5. To gain knowledge of the theories of Interest and profit.

# Text Books

- 1. Cauvery.R, ,Sudha Nayak.U.K , Girija.M ,.Kruparani.N,.Meenakshi.R , Micro Economic Theory, Sultan Chand & Company LTD, Ram Nagar New Delhi.
- 2. Jhingan.M.L, Modern Micro Economics, Vrinda Publication Private Limited, New Delhi

3. Sankaran, S: Micro Economics - Margham Publications, Chennai Edition.

# Supplementary Readings

- 1. Dewett, K.K. Modern Economic Theory, S. Chand & Company LTD, New Delhi.
- 2. Ahuja, H.L.: Advanced Economic Theory S. Chand & Company LTD, New Delhi.
- 3. Koutsoyiannis, A: Modern Micro Economics Macmillan Press Limited.

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	3	3	2

### **Course Objectives**

- 1. The goal of this course is to provide students with the essential concepts of Economic Model.
- 2. To prepare them to understand the Matrix Algebra.
- 3. To make them understand various Applications of Matrix Algebra.
- 4. To emphasize the importance of Derivatives.
- 5. An attempt to train students to collect and interpret data on economies

### **Unit 1: Introduction to mathematical functions**

Economic Model, Variables, Constants, Equations and its types – Uses and limitations of mathematics in Economics- Functions of one or more variables – Linear function, Parabola, Rectangular hyperbola- Exponential, Logarithmic power function and homogenous function - Applications in Economics.

### Unit 2: Matrix Algebra

Matrix Algebra Determinants – Evaluation and properties- Types of matrices – Matrix operations – Addition – Subtraction- Matrix Multiplication – Transpose and Inverse [problems]

#### **Unit 3: Applications of Matrix Algebra**

Applications of Matrix Algebra Solving a system of linear equations – Cramer's rule and Matrix inverse method- Leontief's input-output model – Open and closed model components, uses, and limitations- Hawkin – Simon conditions for viability of I-O model [problems]

#### **Unit 4: Derivatives**

Rules of Derivatives of Y = f(X) Polynomial, Scalar product, Exponential and Logarithmic rules- Addition, Subtraction, Product and Division rule- Composite function, Inverse and Implicit functions rules without derivation [problems].

#### **Unit 5: Applications of First Order Derivatives**

Applications of First Order Derivatives -Marginal values, growth rate and elasticity- Relation between marginal revenue, average revenue and price elasticity – Normal revenue conditions-Marginal cost, average cost and cost elasticity – Normal cost conditions [problems].

#### Course Outcomes

At the end of the Course ,the Student will be able to

- 1. Understand the mathematical functions.
- 2. Learn certain Matrix Algebra.
- 3. Learn various applications of Matrix Algebra.
- 4. Understand the Derivatives of a function and learn its physical interpretation through various examples.
- 5. Learn various applications of First Order Derivatives.

- 1. Allen R.G.D. (2001), Mathematical Analysis for Economists [Macmillan, London].
- 2. Chiang, A.C. [1986], Fundamental methods of Mathematical Economics [McGraw Hill, New York].
- 3. Metha and Madnani [1995], Mathematics for Economists [Sultan Chand, New Delhi].

# **Supplementary Reading**

- 1. Lancaster, K. [1968], Mathematical Economics [Macmillan, New York].
- 2. Yamane Taro [1975], Mathematics for Economics [Englewood Cliffs,NewJersy].
- 3. Dowling [1990], Mathematical methods: Schaum Series [McGraw, New Delhi].
- 4. Arrow, K.J. and M.Intriugator [Eds.] [1982], Hand book of Mathematical Economics [North Holland, Amsterdam].

#### **Outcome Mapping**

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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3
	-		-	-	

1 – Low, 2 – Moderate, 3 – High

# SEMESTER: II SKILL BASED: II PART: IV

### **Course Objectives**

- 1. To Enhance holistic development of students and improve their personality
- 2. To understand themselves and bean effective goal-oriented team player
- 3. To develop professionals with idealistic, practical and moral values
- 4. To develop self-confidence and communication skill
- 5. To develop positive attitude and positive thinking

### Unit 1: Personality

Meaning and Definition of Personality, Determinants of Personality, Characteristics of Personality, Stages of Personality Development, Personality traits.

# Unit 2: Self Analysis

Self-Awareness, SWOTAnalysis, Attributes, Self Confidence, Importance of selfconfidence, Building self-confidence, Methods of developing self-confidence, Self Esteem

### Unit 3: Attitude

TypesofAttitude,Factorsinfluencingattitude,Positiveattitude,Steps toovercomechallengedattitude,Developing Positiveattitude andthinking.

### Unit 4: Motivation

Meaning, need, factors affecting motivation, Basic theories of motivation, Intrinsic & Extrinsic Motivators, Self-talk, self-motivation, Achievement motivation.

# Unit 5: Goal Setting

Goals – Definition, Types of goals- Short Term, Long Term, LifeTime Goals, Areas and spheres of Goal Setting, SMART principle of Goal Setting, Positive affirmation GoalSetting

#### **Course Outcomes**

After the successful completion of the Course the student will be able

- 1. To develop confidence to face the workplace and societyatlarge.
- 2. To identify and kindle their inner spirit and get self-motivated.
- 3. To understand their own strength and weakness.
- 4. To analyse their own confidence and communication skill.
- 5. To develop their positive approach in their career and life.

- 1. Gajendra Singh Chauhan and Sangeeta Sharma, Soft Skills: An Integrated Approach to Maximize Personality,Kindle Edition,2015
- 2. B.N. Ghosh, Managing SoftSkills for Personality Development, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2013
- 3. Prashant Sharma, SoftSkills- Personality Development for Success, BPB Publications

### Supplementary Readings

- 1. Shikha Kapoor, Personality Development and SoftSkills: Preparing for Tomorrow, I.K International Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.,2018
- 2. Elizabeth Hurlock, Personality Development, McGraw Hill Education, Indian Edition, 2017
- 3. Barun K.Mitra, Personality Oxford University Press, Second Edition, 2016.

### **Outcome Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	3